

Data Analysis and Machine Learning 4 (DAML)

Week 4: Machine Learning and ethics



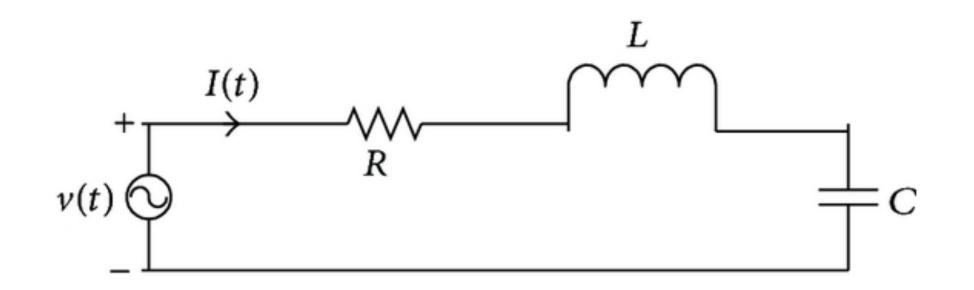
Recap

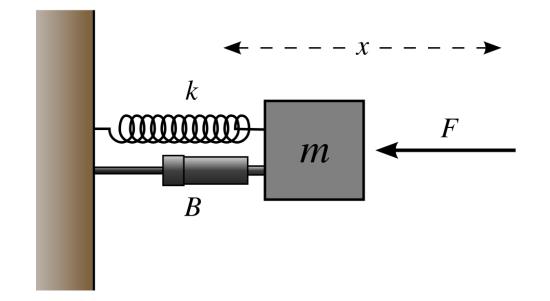
- We learnt how to preprocess data
- We learned about principal component analysis (PCA)
- We found out how to perform clustering using K-means

Machine Learning and Supervised Learning

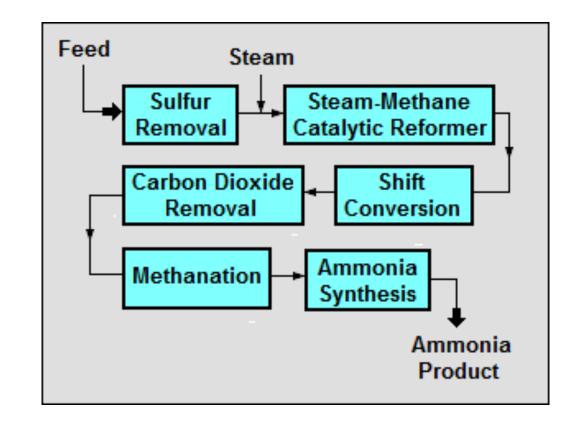
Problem solving

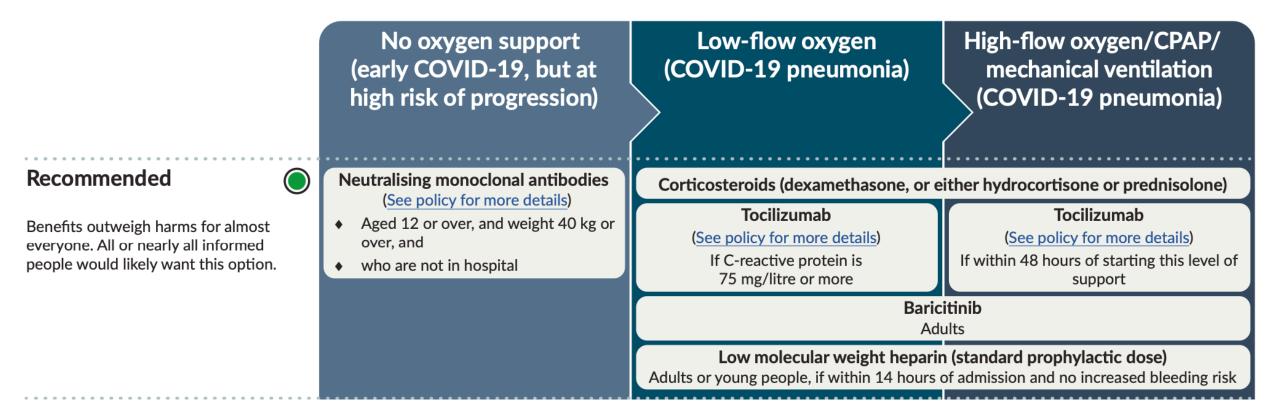
Some problems can be solved analytically





Some problems can be solved by following instructions or rules





Problem solving

- Many real-world problems cannot be solved analytically or with rules
- However, we have access to more data than ever
- Can we leverage all this data to solve problems?

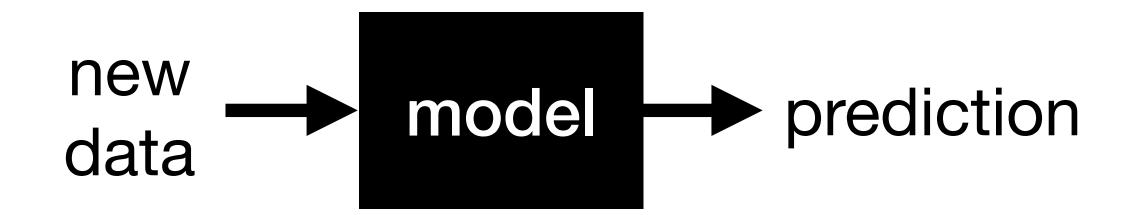
Machine Learning is...

"the study of algorithms that can learn from training data in order to make predictions on new data."

Elliot J. Crowley

Machine Learning

• We want a model that takes in a new data point and outputs a prediction



- For the model to be accurate it must first learn from training data
- Often, models are parameterised functions and learning = finding the best parameters

Supervised Learning

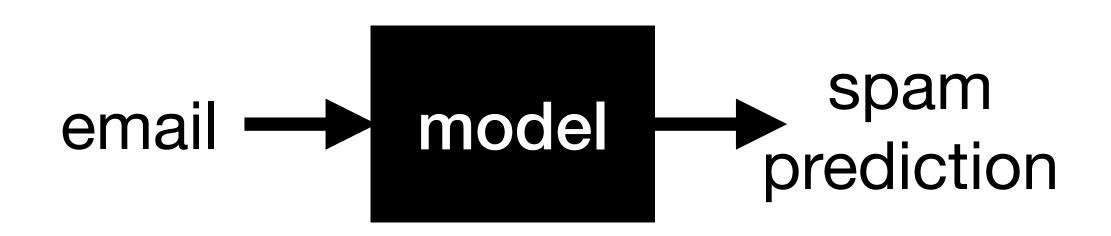
- In supervised learning, training data is labelled
- The label says what the prediction for that data point should be
- In unsupervised learning we do not have labels for our training data. Some people consider K-means and PCA to be unsupervised ML techniques
- Supervision can be seen as a spectrum e.g. we can have semi-supervised ML

We will only consider fully supervised machine learning for the remainder of the technical material on this course

Some use cases you see this lecture involve weaker supervision however:)

Example: Spam classification

- We want a model that takes in a new email \mathbf{x} and returns a prediction $y \in \mathbb{Z}_{<2}^+ = \{0,1\}$ where 0 is NOT SPAM and 1 is SPAM
- Our training data consists of emails that are labelled as spam or not spam



Dear Elliot J Crowley,

Paper#: 1356 Title: Prediction-Guided Distillation for Dense Object Detection

Congratulations on having your paper accepted to ECCV 2022. Follow the link below for instructions on formatting and submitting your final ECCV 2022 camera-ready files.

Camera-Ready Submission
Instructions: https://docs.google.com/document/d/
https://docs.google.com/document/d/
https://docs.google.com/
<a href

Read through these instructions and follow them carefully to avoid any problems with your camera-ready paper submission.



We have just prevented a sign-in attempt on your **MyEd account** from another location, CLICK HERE to verify your profile.

Your prompt response regarding this matter is appreciated.

Sincerely

Management



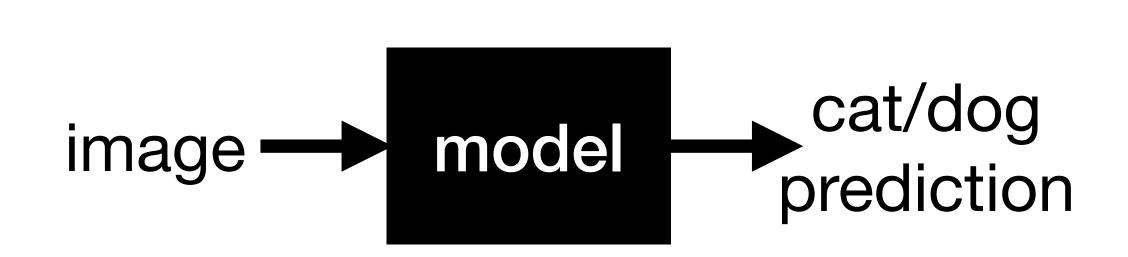


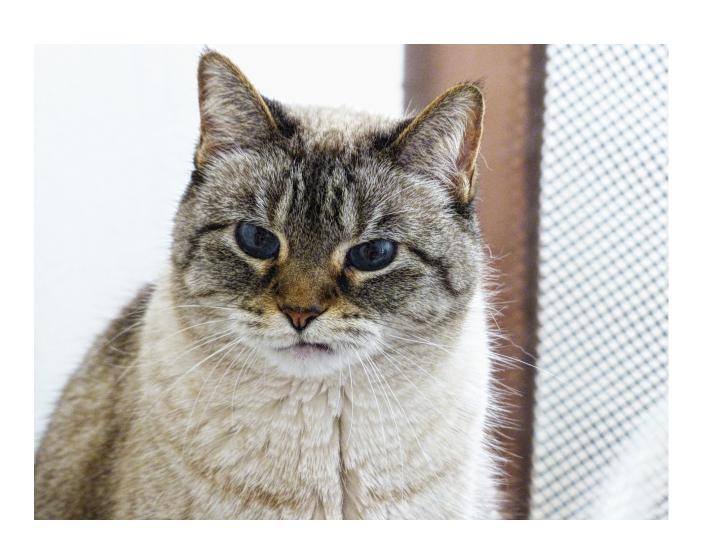




Example: Classifying cats and dogs

- We want a model that takes in a new image $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times W \times C}$ and returns a prediction $y \in \mathbb{Z}_{<2}^+ = \{0,1\}$ where 0 is CAT and 1 is DOG
- ullet Our training data consists of images of cats and dogs that are labelled 0/1

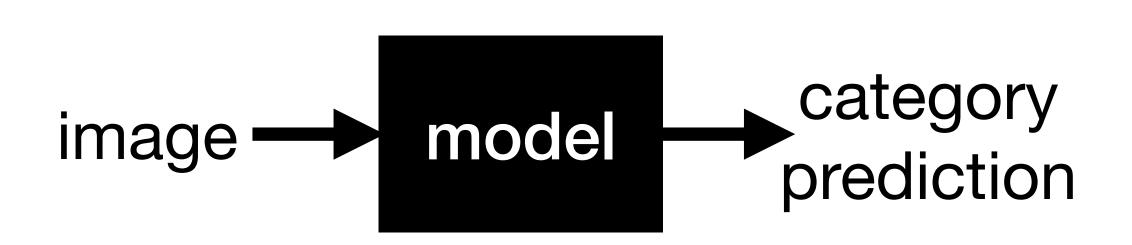


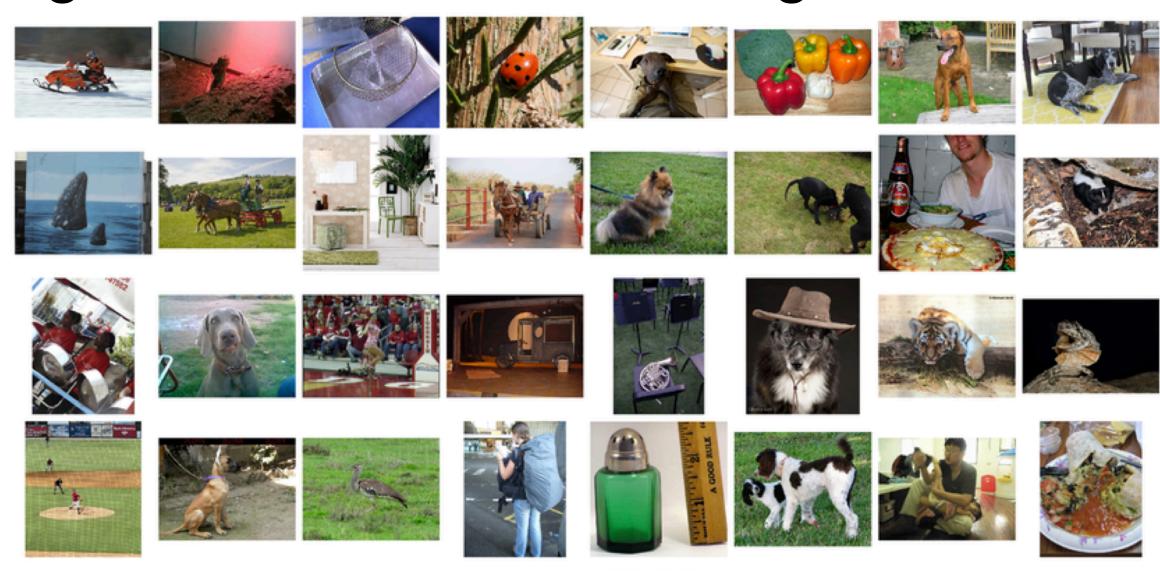




Example: Multiway classification

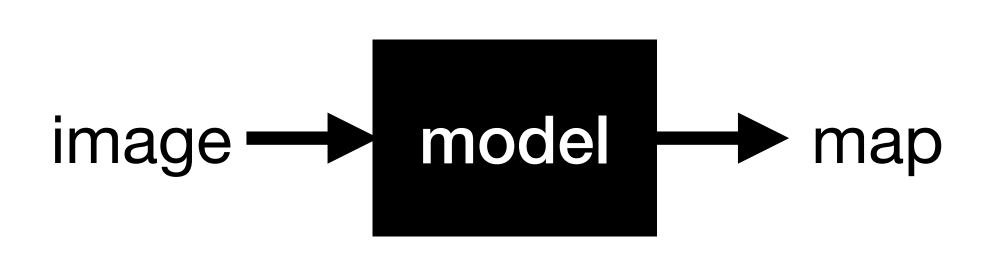
- We want a model that takes in a new image $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times W \times C}$ and returns a prediction $y \in \mathbb{Z}^+_{<1000} = \{0,1,\ldots,999\}$ corresponding to 1 of 1000 categories
- Our training data consists of labelled images from those 1000 categories





Example: Semantic Segmentation

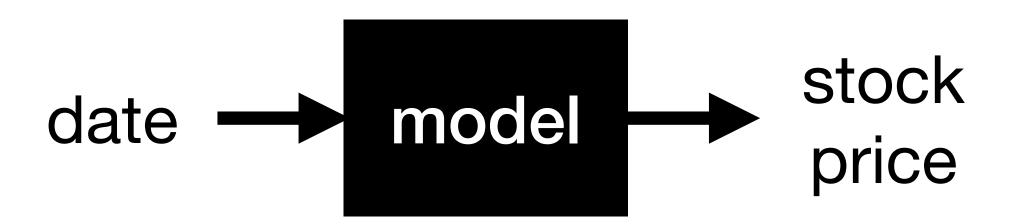
- We want a model that takes in a new image x and predicts a segmentation map y
- Our training data consists of images and hand-labelled maps





Example: Stock prediction

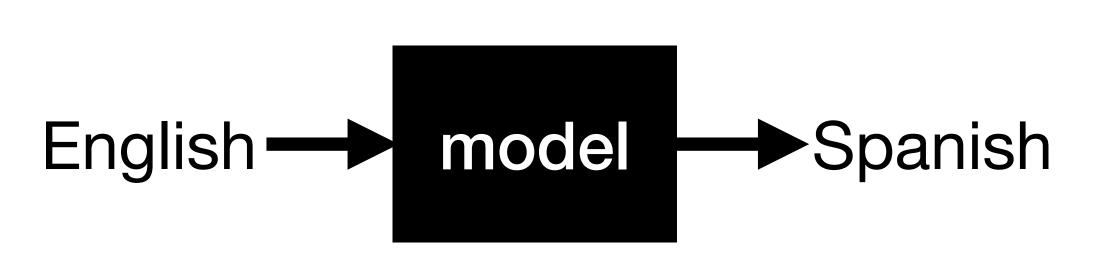
- We want a model that predicts stock price $y \in \mathbb{R}$ at a future date $x \in \mathbb{R}$
- Our training data consists of stock prices at previous dates

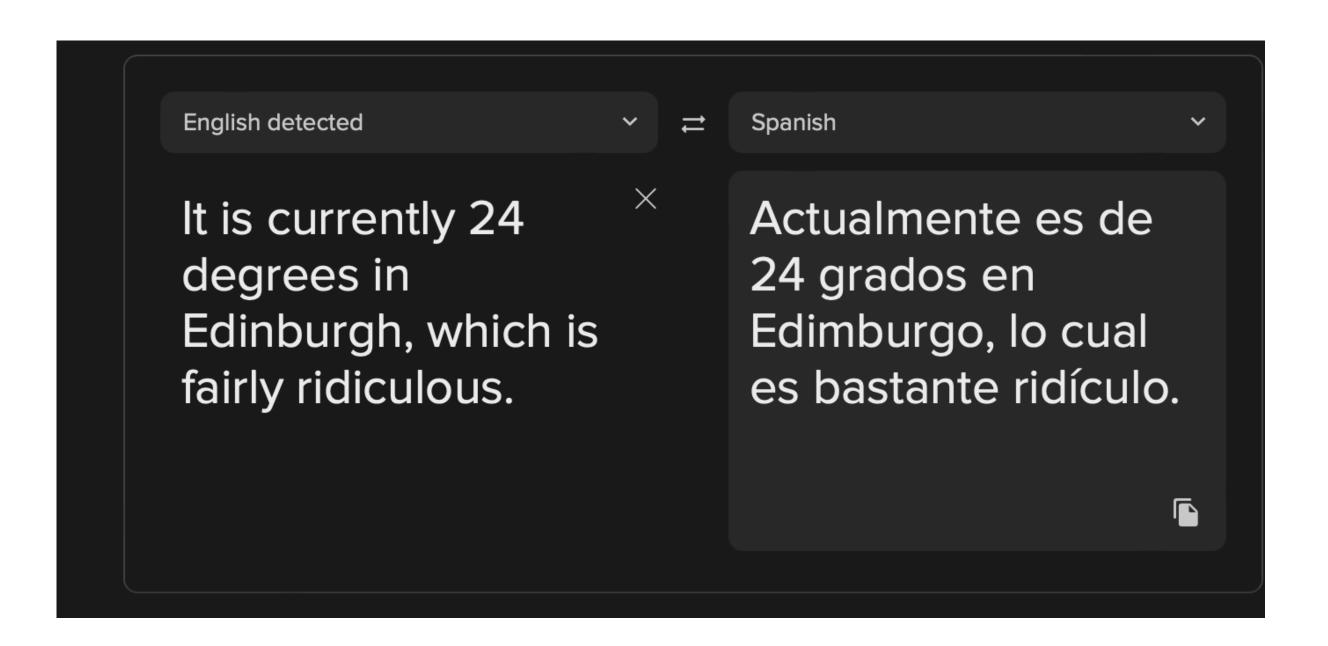




Example: Machine translation

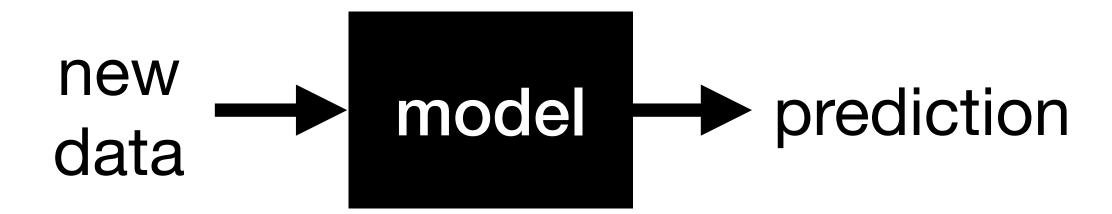
- We want a model that translates some sentence in English x to Spanish y
- Our training data consists of English-Spanish sentence pairs





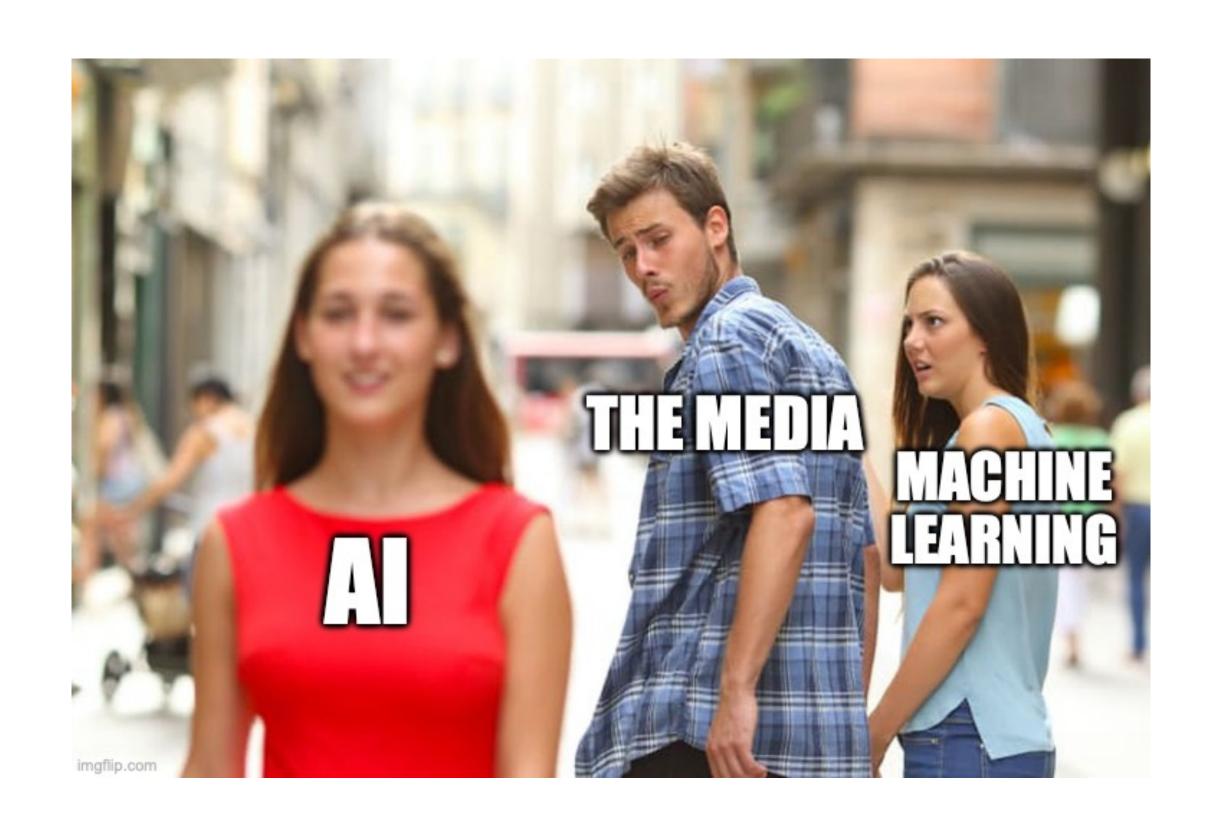
Machine Learning models

- Quite often these models are mathematical functions
- You will find out what these models look like from the next lecture onwards
- Assume for now that given enough training data, they "work"



Ethical issues (or: things to be aware of before you use ML in the real world!)

People tend to call machine learning models "Al"



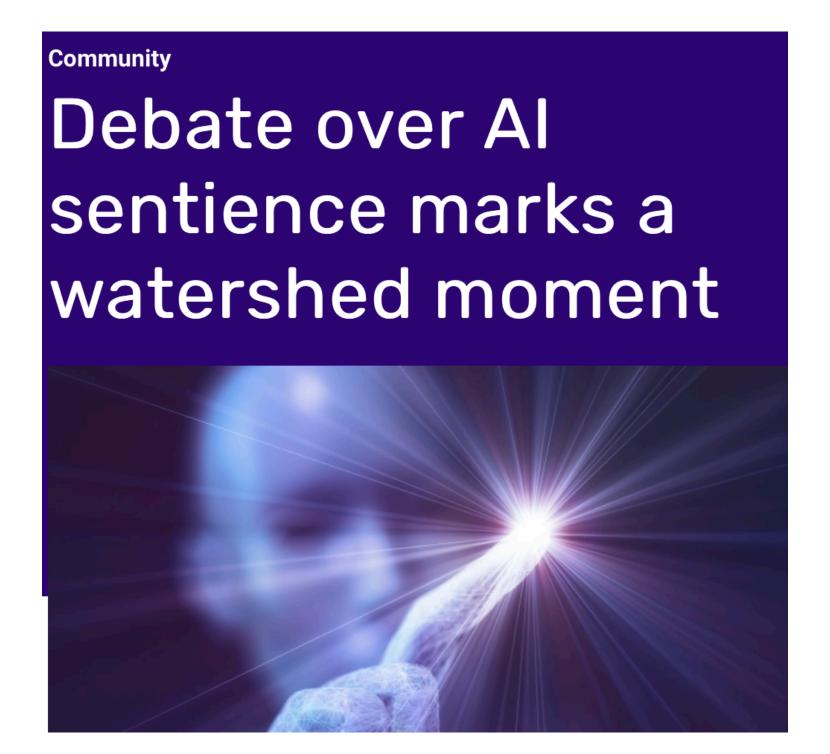


Be wary of hype

Robots could soon think like HUMANS: Scientists develop AI that can learn the basic common sense rules of the physical world – just like a baby

- Al can be taught 'intuitive physics' common sense rules of how the world works
- Researchers at DeepMind trained an AI called PLATO with slides of a ball moving
- PLATO demonstrated learning and 'surprise' if a ball moved in an impossible way

By JONATHAN CHADWICK FOR MAILONLINE **Y**PUBLISHED: 16:11, 11 July 2022 | UPDATED: 17:05, 11 July 2022





Artificial Intelligence Market Hits USD 35,870 Million By 2025: By Grand View Research, Inc.

The global **artificial intelligence market** is expected to reach USD 35,870.0 million by 2025 from its direct revenue sources, growing at a CAGR of 57.2% from 2017 to 2025, whereas it is expected to garner around USD 58,975.4 million by 2025 from its enabled revenue arenas, according to a new report by Grand View Research, Inc.

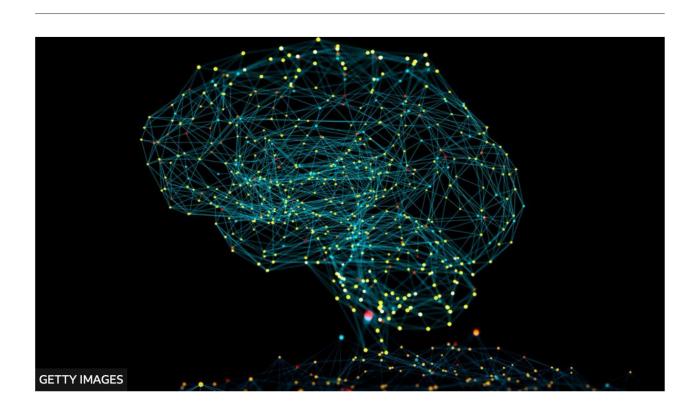
Artificial Intelligence (AI) is considered to be the next stupendous technological development, alike past developments such as the revolution of industries, the computer era, and the emergence of smartphone technology. The North American region is

Google engineer says Lamda AI system may have its own feelings

By Chris Vallance Technology reporter

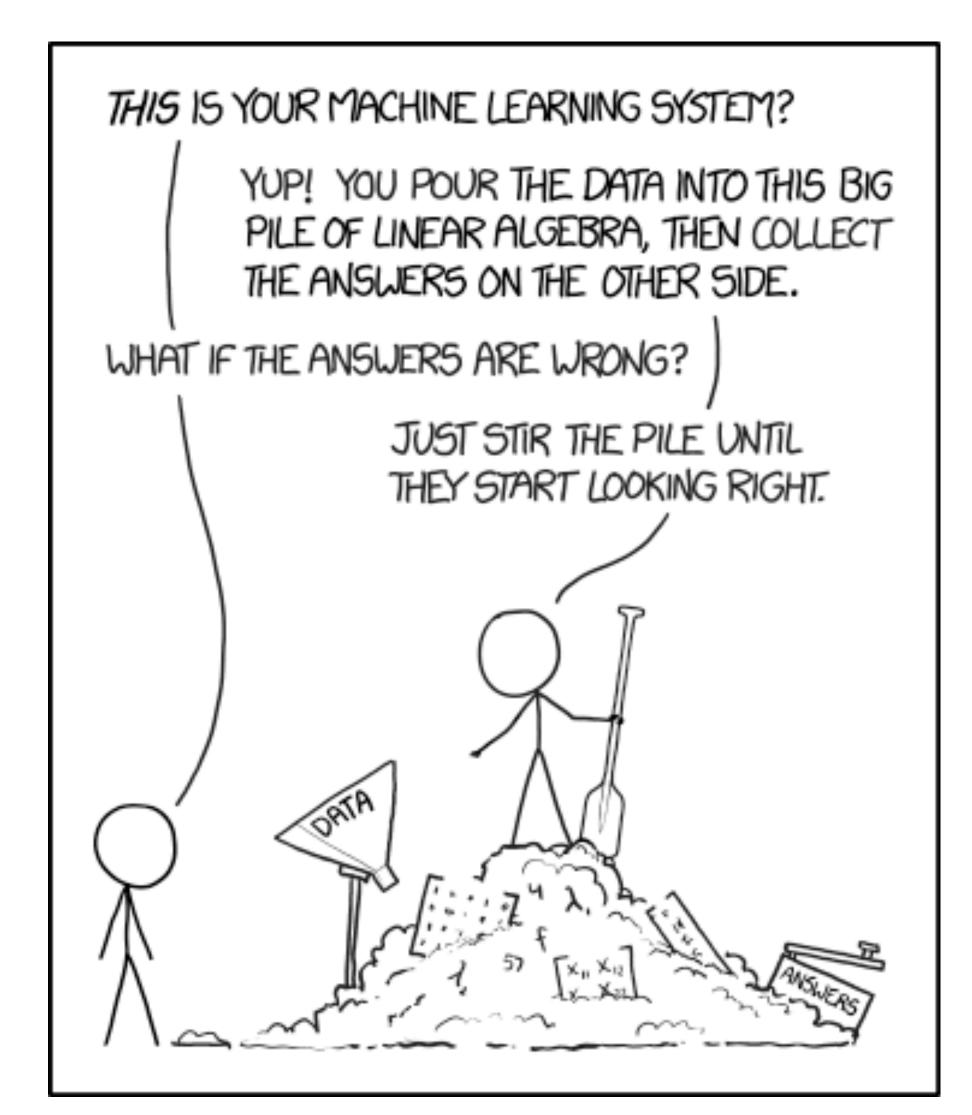
(1) 13 June

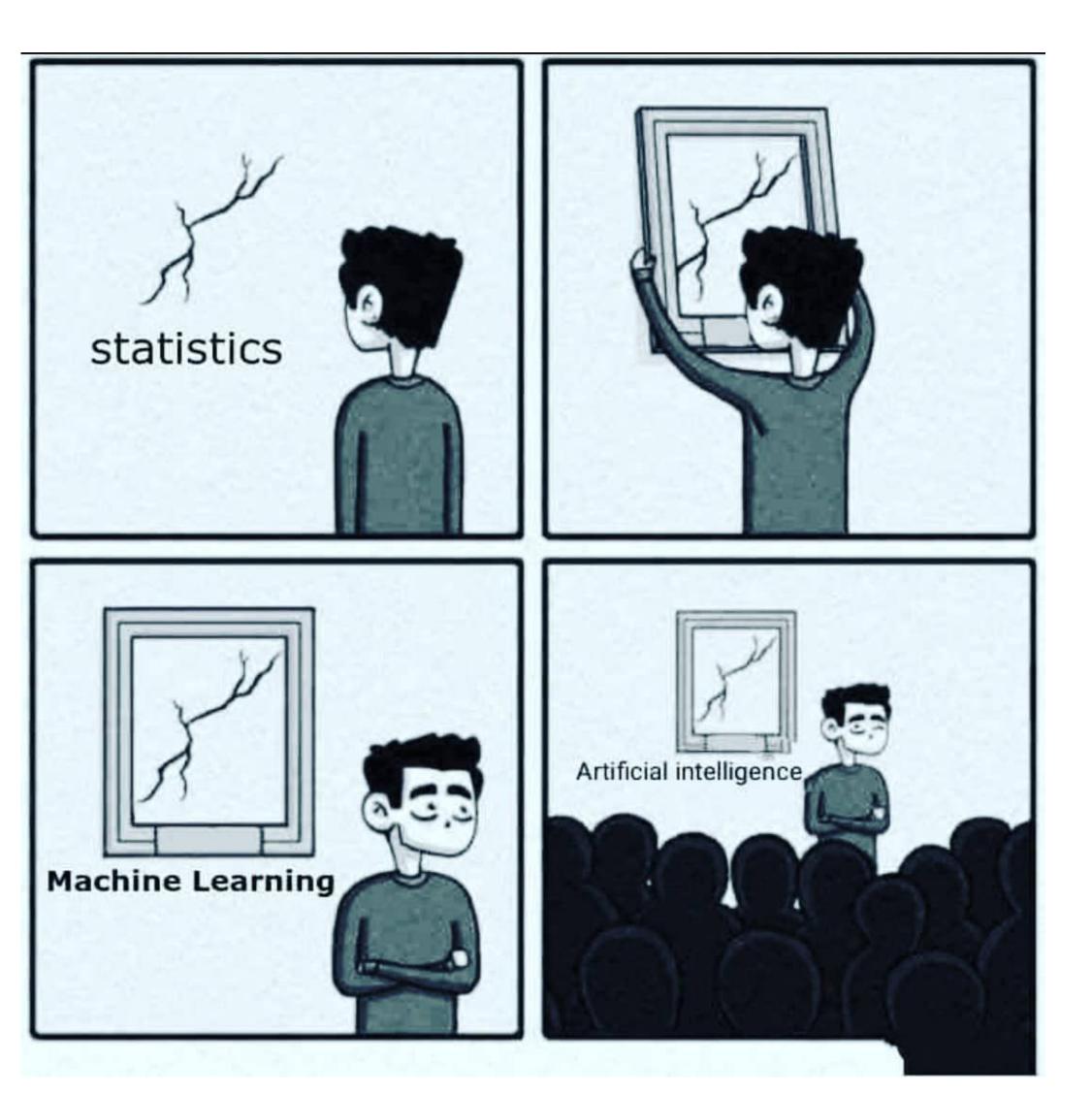




A Google engineer says one of the firm's artificial intelligence (AI) systems might have its own feelings and says its "wants" should be respected.

Reality





https://xkcd.com/1838/

Reality

Analysis | Open Access | Published: 15 March 2021

Common pitfalls and recommendations for using machine learning to detect and prognosticate for COVID-19 using chest radiographs and CT scans

Michael Roberts M, Derek Driggs, Matthew Thorpe, Julian Gilbey, Michael Yeung, Stephan Ursprung, Angelica I. Aviles-Rivero, Christian Etmann, Cathal McCague, Lucian Beer, Jonathan R. Weir-McCall, Zhongzhao Teng, Effrossyni Gkrania-Klotsas, AIX-COVNET, James H. F. Rudd, Evis Sala & Carola-Bibiane Schönlieb

Nature Machine Intelligence 3, 199–217 (2021) | Cite this article

in EMBASE and MEDLINE in this timeframe are considered. Our search identified 2,212 studies, of which 415 were included after initial screening and, after quality screening, 62 studies were included in this systematic review. Our review finds that none of the models identified are of potential clinical use due to methodological flaws and/or underlying biases.



Reality



elliot 10:32

The email you sent Chris clearly looks like it came out of an LLM

Dear Chris,

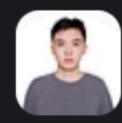
I hope this message finds you well. I am writing to follow up on the email I sent last Thursday (1-25) regarding technical support for my PGR project plan. I understand that you have a busy schedule, and I appreciate the time and attention you give to this matter. If you require any further information or clarification from my side, please let me know.

Thank you for your time and support, I am looking forward to hearing from you soon.

Best regards, Shiwen Qin

don't send stuff that looks like it came out of an LLM 🙈

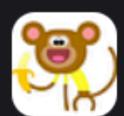




Shiwen 10:38

Sorry about that, will not use it to write emails anymore. Didn't know it can be spotted so easily





elliot 10:38

It is painfully obvious.:)



ML can do amazing things



NEWS 22 July 2021

DeepMind's AI predicts structures for a vast trove of proteins

AlphaFold neural network produced a 'totally transformative' database of more than 350,000 structures from *Homo sapiens* and 20 model organisms.

Ewen Callaway









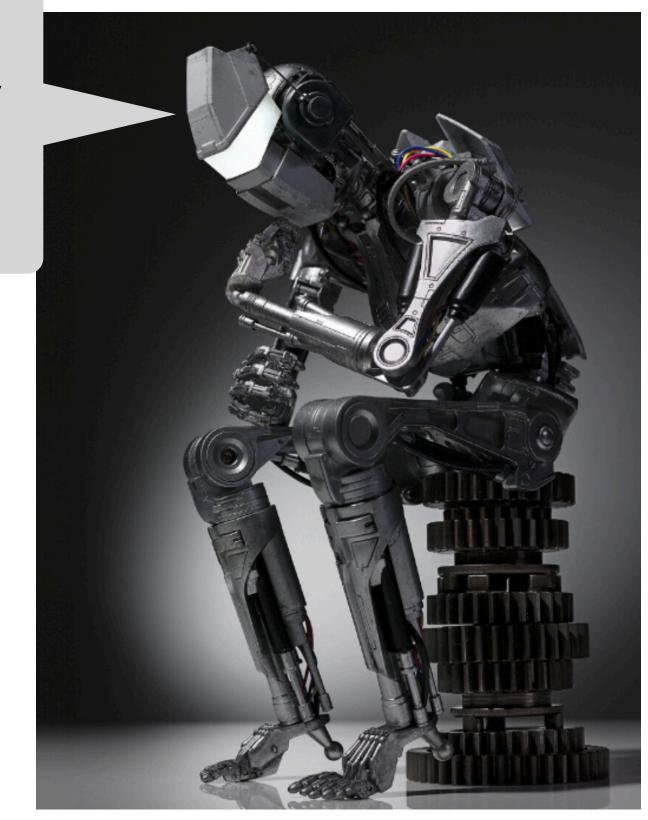
ML can do truly amazing things



But things can go wrong

- Machine learning models are dumb
- They are not human!
- They just learn to map inputs to outputs
- They don't care what the data is
- They don't care where you got the data
- They don't care what the task is

I am incredibly stupid.



Data bias

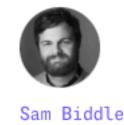
- The data in that training set may not be representative of the world (or the world one wants!)
- It may contain biases biased data gives a biased model!

Tay, Microsoft's AI chatbot, gets a crash course in racism from Twitter

Attempt to engage millennials with artificial intelligence backfires hours after launch, with TayTweets account citing Hitler and supporting Donald Trump



■ Tay uses a combination of artificial intelligence and editorial written by a team including improvisional comedians. Photograph: Twitter



December 8 2022, 1:44 p.m.

The Internet's New Favorite Al Proposes Torturing Iranians and Surveilling Mosques

ChatGPT, the latest novelty from OpenAI, replicates the ugliest war on terror-style racism.

https://theintercept.com/2022/12/08/openai-chatgpt-ai-bias-ethics/

25

Data privacy

Facebook sued for 'losing control' of users' data

© 9 February 2021



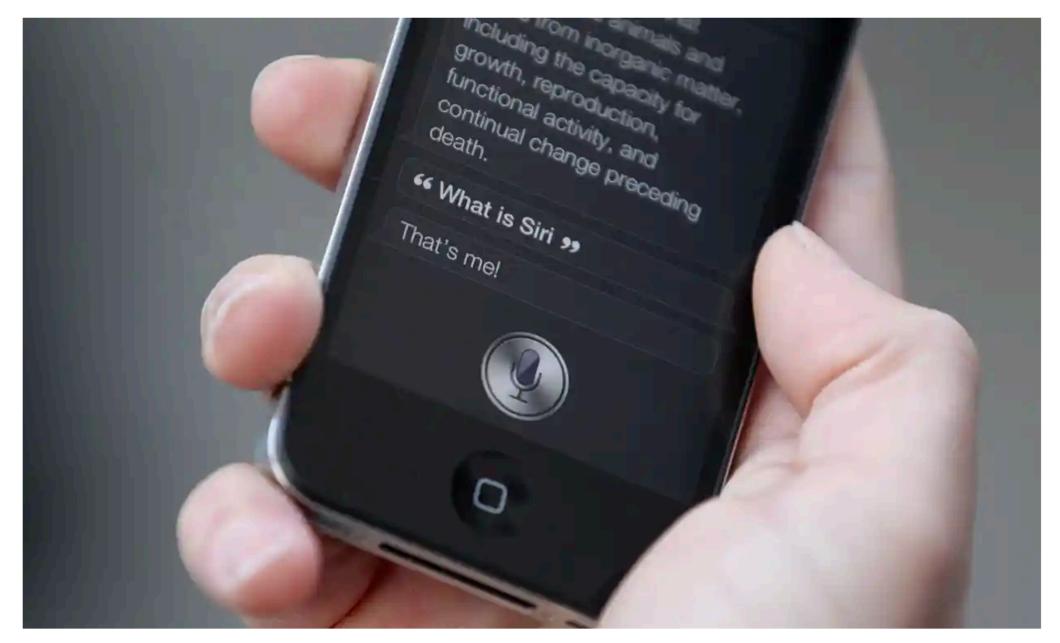
Facebook-Cambridge Analytica scandal



Facebook is being sued for "losing control" of the data of about a million users in England and Wales.

Apple contractors 'regularly hear confidential details' on Siri recordings

Workers hear drug deals, medical details and people having sex, says whistleblower

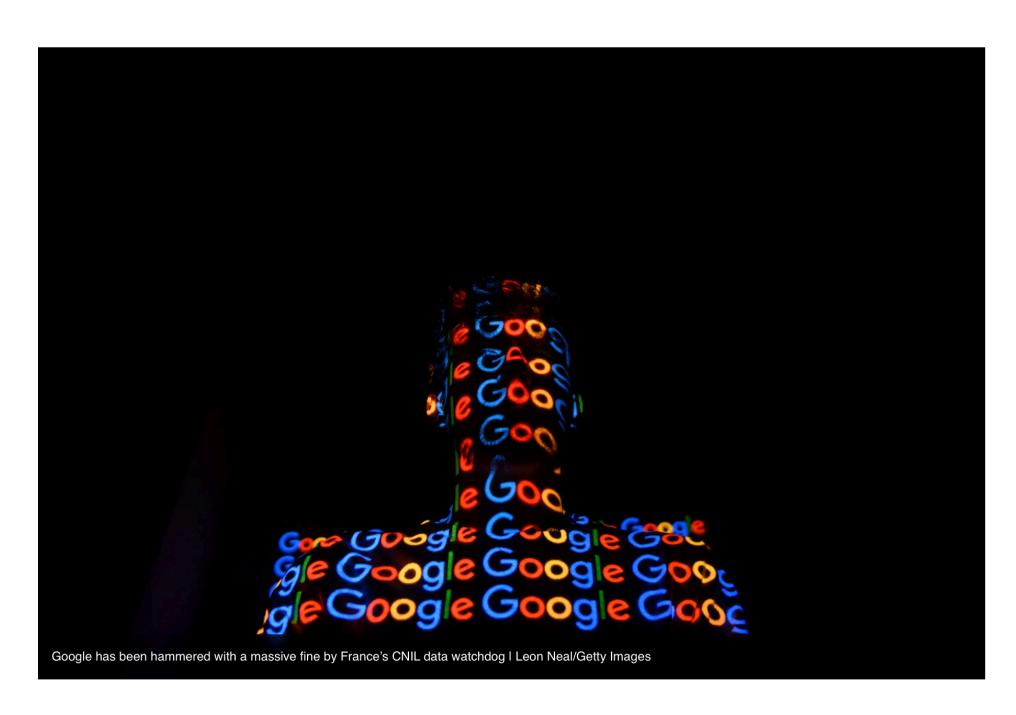


Workers heard the information when or providing quality control for Apple's Siri voice assistant. Photograph: Oli Scarff/Getty Images

GDPR

Google fine launches new era in privacy enforcement

The search giant is the first big tech company to feel the full brunt of GDPR enforcement. It won't be the last.



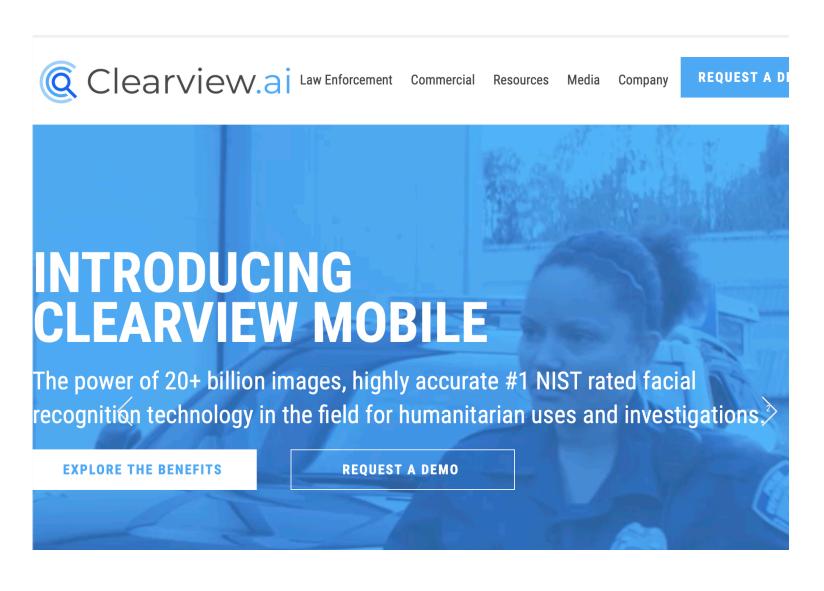
Fines and notices [edit]

Date +	Organisation +	Amount *	Issued by \$	Reason(s)
2023- 05-12	Meta Platforms	€1.2 billion	Ireland	Transferring data from the European Union to the United States without adequate privacy protections ^{[77][78]}
2021- 06-16	Amazon Europe Core Sarl	€746,000,000	Luxembourg (CNPD)	The largest fine for violating GDPR at the time. Related to targeted advertising. [72]
2021- 09-02	WhatsApp Ireland Ltd	€225 M	Ireland	[74]
2019- 07-08	British Airways	£183,000,000	UK (ICO)	Use of poor security arrangements that resulted in a 2018 web skimming attack affecting 500,000 consumers. [24][25][26] Was later reduced to £20 million [27]
2020- 12-10	Google LLC	€60,000,000	France (CNIL)	Deposit of cookies without obtaining consent, lack of information provided to users and defective "opposition" mechanism [48]
2019- 01-21	Google LLC	€50,000,000	France (CNIL)	Insufficient transparency, control, and consent over the processing of personal data for the purposes of behavioural advertising. ^{[4][5]}
2020- 12-10	Google Ireland Limited	€40,000,000	France (CNIL)	Deposit of cookies without obtaining consent, lack of information provided to users and defective "opposition" mechanism [48]
2020- 10-01	H&M	€35,300,000	Germany (HmbBfDI)	Illegal surveillance of several hundred employees ^[46]

Applications

- ML models can be used to spread misinformation
- ML models can be used for surveillance
- ML models can be used to kill people

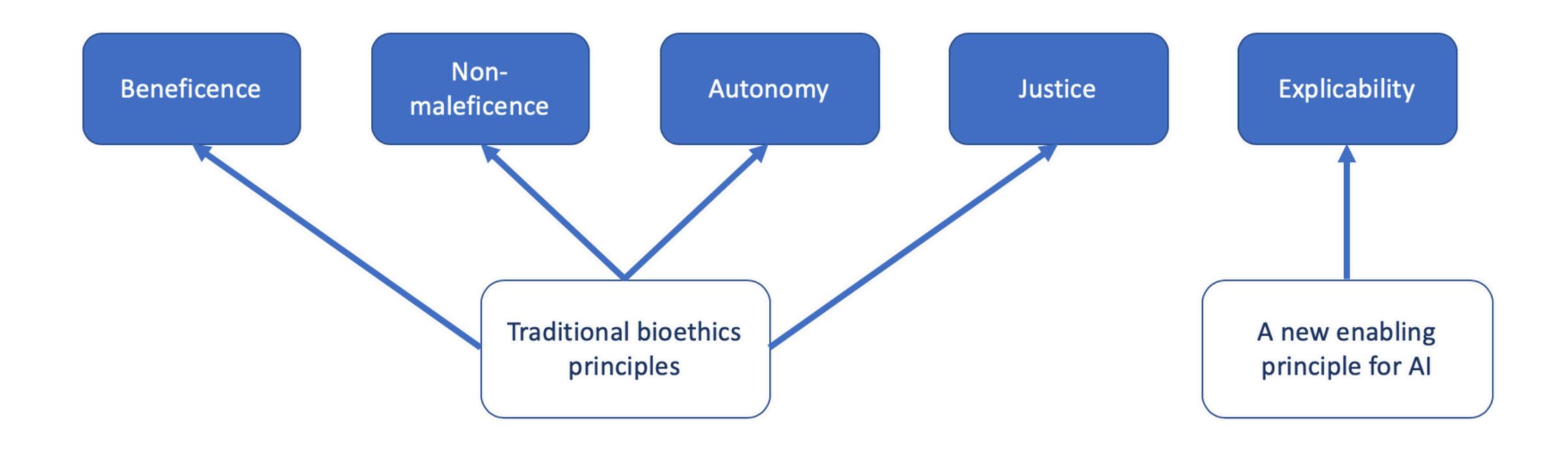




Mohsen Fakhrizadeh: 'Machine-gun with AI' used to kill Iran scientist



Machine learning ethics



by Luciano Floridi and Josh Cowls

Published on Jul 01, 2019

A Unified Framework of Five Principles

https://hdsr.mitpress.mit.edu/pub/l0jsh9d1/release/8

Surprise Willem Dafoe side



Recruitment tools

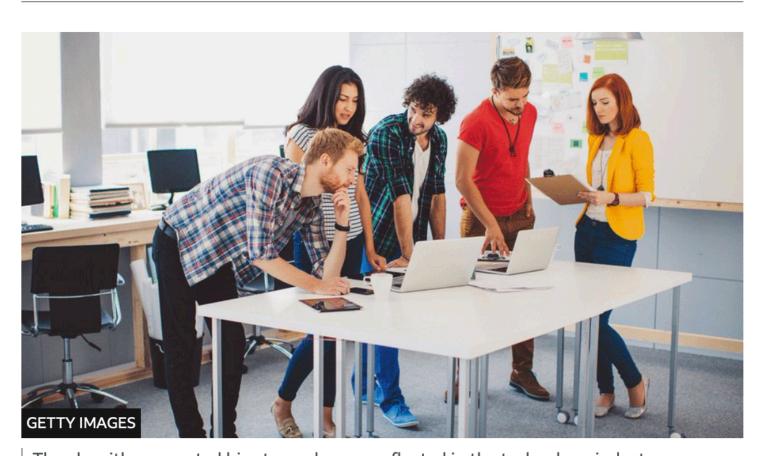
- A machine learning model trained on predominantly male applicants
- Penalised CVs that included the word "women"

About 55% of US human resources managers said that AI would play a role in recruitment within the next five years, according to a survey by software firm CareerBuilder.

Amazon scrapped 'sexist AI' tool

© 10 October 2018

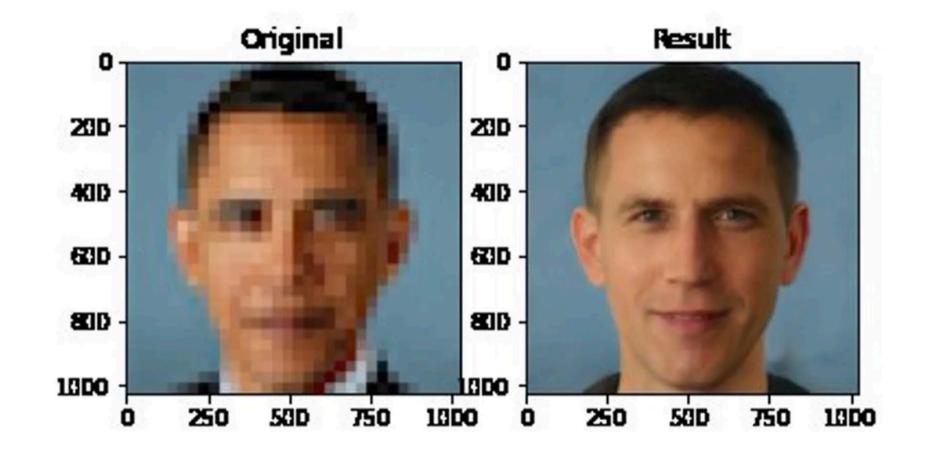




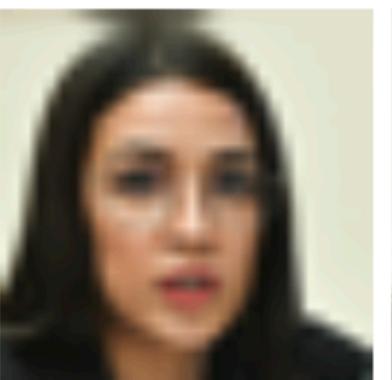
The algorithm repeated bias towards men, reflected in the technology industry

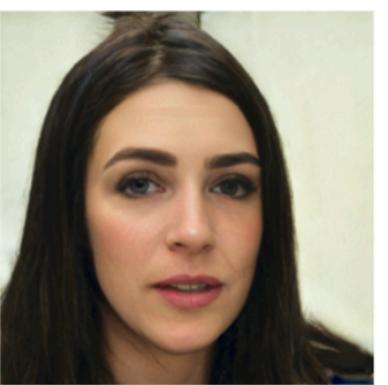
Generative models

- PULSE depixelizer generates high-res images of faces from low-res inputs
- It tends to generate white faces
- This could be because its training data is dominated by white faces









Auto-grading

- A level results in England + Wales were (initially) algorithmically generated in 2020
- This disproportionately benefited privately educated students
- High performing students at underperforming schools lost out
- Weight was placed on a school's historical importance



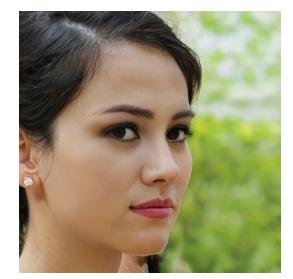
Deepfakes

- ML models that generate realistic faces in photos and videos
- They have be used to create hoaxes and pornography























Taylor Swift

(f)(⊌)(🖾)



Fake but convincing explicit images of pop singer were viewed tens of millions of times on X and Telegram, prompting outcry from US politicians



■ Taylor Swift pictured earlier this month. Photograph: Ed Zurga/AP

The rapid online spread of deepfake pornographic images of <u>Taylor Swift</u> has renewed calls, including from US politicians, to criminalise the practice, in which artificial intelligence is used to synthesise fake but convincing explicit imagery.

The images of the US popstar have been distributed across social media and seen by millions this week. Previously distributed on the app Telegram, one of the images of Swift hosted on X was seen 47m times before it was removed.

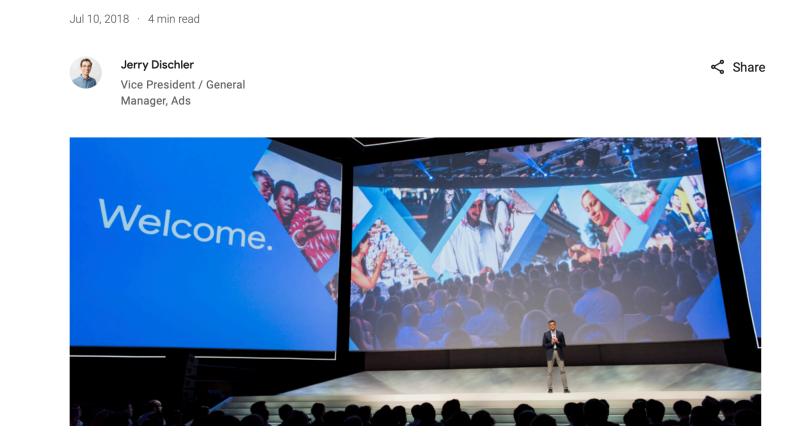


Advertising

- Google and Meta control a massive chunk of the world's digital advertising
- They have both invested heavily in machine learning
- An ML model can use your internet activity to profile you!
- This will allow better targeting of adverts

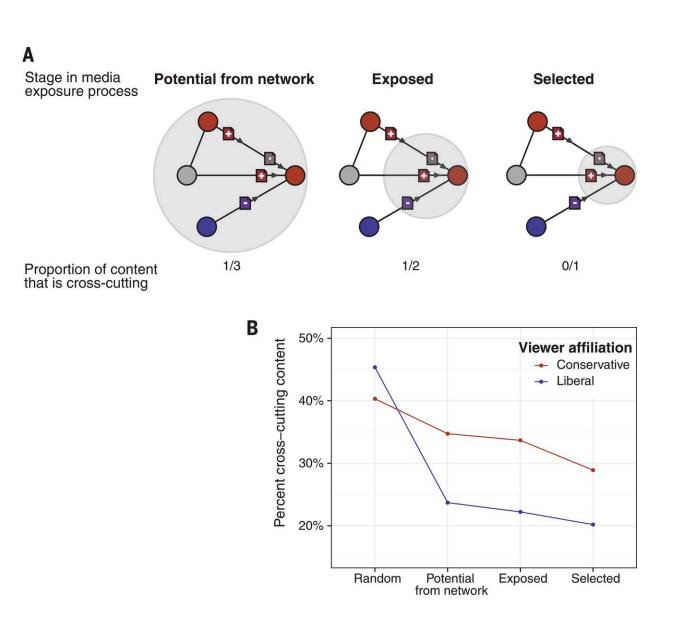
GOOGLE ADS

Putting machine learning into the hands of every advertiser



Recommender systems

- Lots of people get their news from social media
- ML models can decide which content to present to users
- Users are presented with content that aligns with their views
- Is this ideal?
- Could this amplify radical views? (... Yes)



Cambridge Analytica

The Cambridge Analytica files: the story so far

What is the company accused of, how is Facebook involved and what is the Brexit link?



Facebook ran adverts on Sunday in several UK and US newspapers apologising for the data breach. Photograph: Dominic Lipinski/PA

What are the allegations against Cambridge Analytica?

The data analytics firm used personal information harvested from more than 50 million Facebook profiles without permission to build a system that could target US voters with personalised political advertisements based on their psychological profile, according to Christopher Wylie, a former Cambridge Analytica contractor who helped build the algorithm. Employees of Cambridge Analytica, including the suspended CEO Alexander Nix, were also filmed boasting of using manufactured sex scandals, fake news and dirty tricks to swing elections around the world.

Lighting the fuse?

'Storm the Capitol': Violence organised on social media as warnings of far-right post-election went unheard

Federal law enforcement has warned for years about far-right threats. Trump supporters openly planned armed insurrection for weeks, writes Alex Woodward

Friday 08 January 2021 21:31 • Comments









Rohingya sue Facebook for £150bn over Myanmar genocide

Victims in US and UK legal action accuse social media firm of failing to prevent incitement of violence



Residents of the Rohingya refugee camp in Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh. Photograph: Tanbirul Miraj Ripon/EPA

Facebook's negligence facilitated the genocide of Rohingya Muslims in Myanmar after the social media network's algorithms amplified hate speech and the platform failed to take down inflammatory posts, according to legal action launched in the US and the UK.

Dan Milmo Global technology correspondent

Mon 6 Dec 2021 17.03 GMT

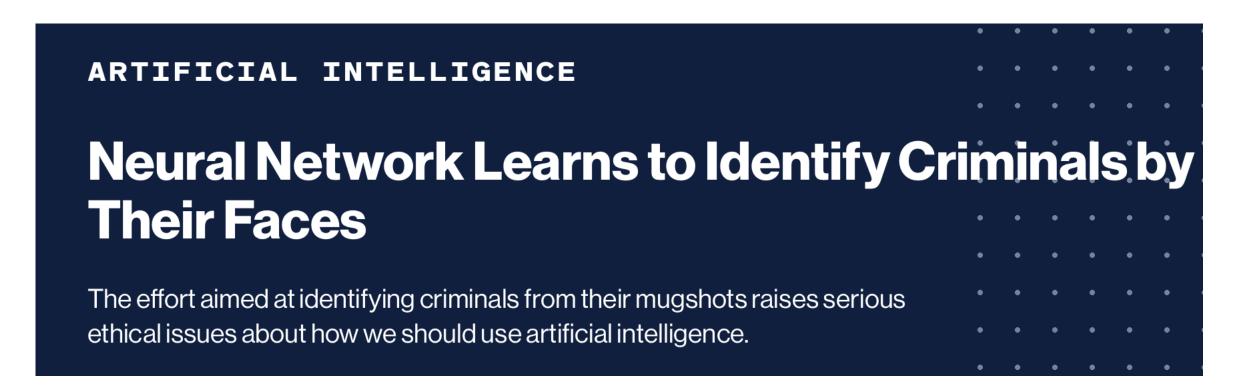


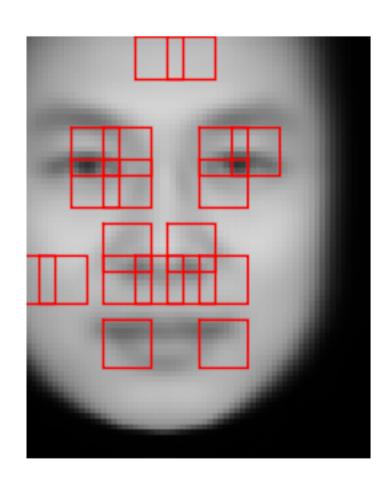


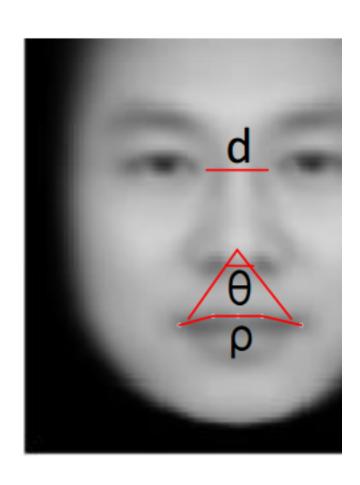


https://www.theguardian.com/technology/2021/dec/06/rohingya-sue-facebook-myanmar-genocide-us-uk-legal-action-social-media-violence https://www.independent.co.uk/news/world/americas/us-politics/capitol-riot-was-openly-organized-on-mainstream-social-media-b1784703.html 38

Contentious applications

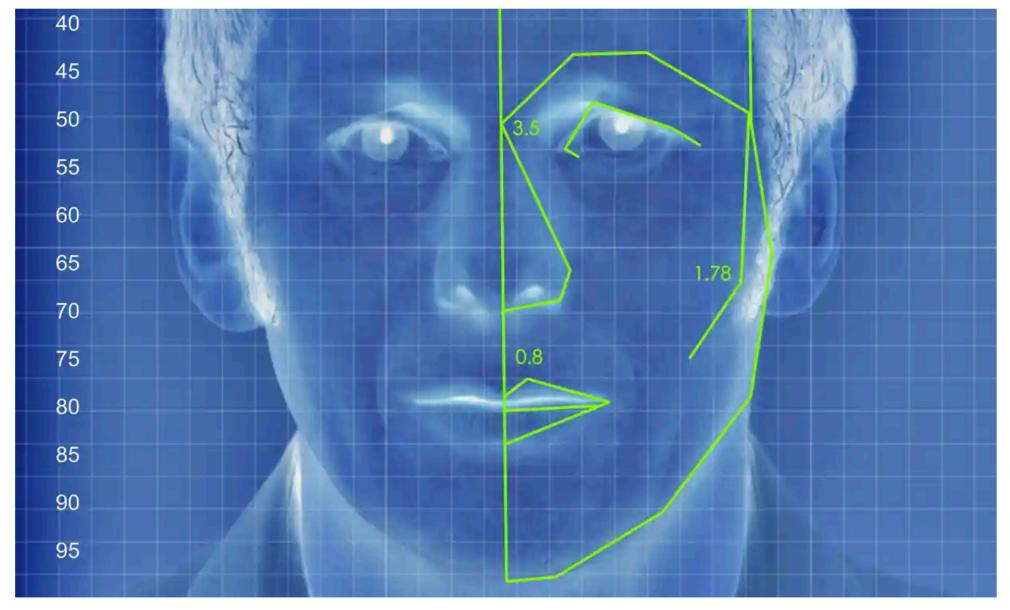






New AI can guess whether you're gay or straight from a photograph

An algorithm deduced the sexuality of people on a dating site with up to 91% accuracy, raising tricky ethical questions



An illustrated depiction of facial analysis technology similar to that used in the experiment. Illustration: Alamy

Contentious applications

Al technology can identify genetic diseases by looking at your face, study says

By Nina Avramova, CNN

Updated 2117 GMT (0517 HKT) January 8, 2019



New AI technology could identify rare genetic diseases from patients' facial images.

(CNN) — A new artificial intelligence technology can accurately identify some rare genetic disorders using a photograph of a patient's face, according to a new study.

The AI technology, called DeepGestalt, outperformed clinicians in identifying a range of syndromes in three trials and could add significant value in personalized care, according to the study published Monday in the journal Nature Medicine.



FACEPTION IS A FACIAL PERSONALITY ANALYTICS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY

We reveal personality from facial images at scale to revolutionize how companies, organizations and even robots understand people and dramatically improve public safety, communications, decision-making, and experiences.

Plagiarism?

Artificial intelligence (AI)

Lecturers urged to review assessments in UK amid concerns over new AI tool

ChatGPT is capable of producing high-quality essays with minimal human input

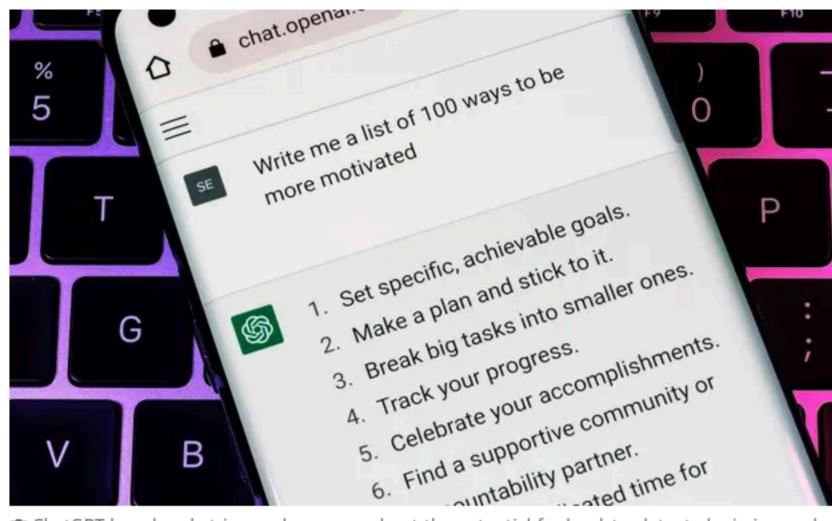
ChatGPT: what can the extraordinary artificial intelligence chatbot do?

Sally Weale Education correspondent

Fri 13 Jan 2023 16.23 GMT







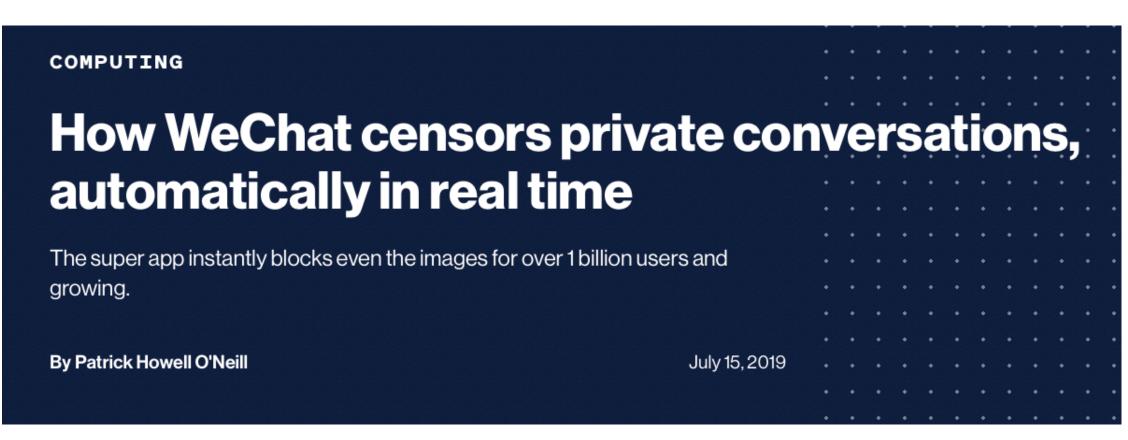
ChatGPT has already triggered concerns about the potential for hard-to-detect plagiarism and questions about the validity of the essay as a future form of assessment. Photograph: Ascannio/Alamy

Lecturers at UK universities have been urged to review the way in which their courses are assessed amid concerns that students are already using a potent new AI tool capable of producing high-quality essays with minimal human input.

Did you write that yourself? Student using ChatGPT:



Censorship and surveillance



GLOBAL

China's New Frontiers in Dystopian Tech

Facial-recognition technologies are proliferating, from airports to bathrooms.

By Rene Chun

http://tinyurl.com/2s3jjfuz https://tinyurl.com/4hf77rdt

SURVEILLANCE

Miami Police Used Clearview Al Facial Recognition in Arrest of Homeless Man

Facial recognition technology is increasingly being deployed by police officers across the country, but the scope of its use has been hard to pin down.

C.J. CIARAMELLA | 1.19.2024 2:37 PM

MOTHERBOARD

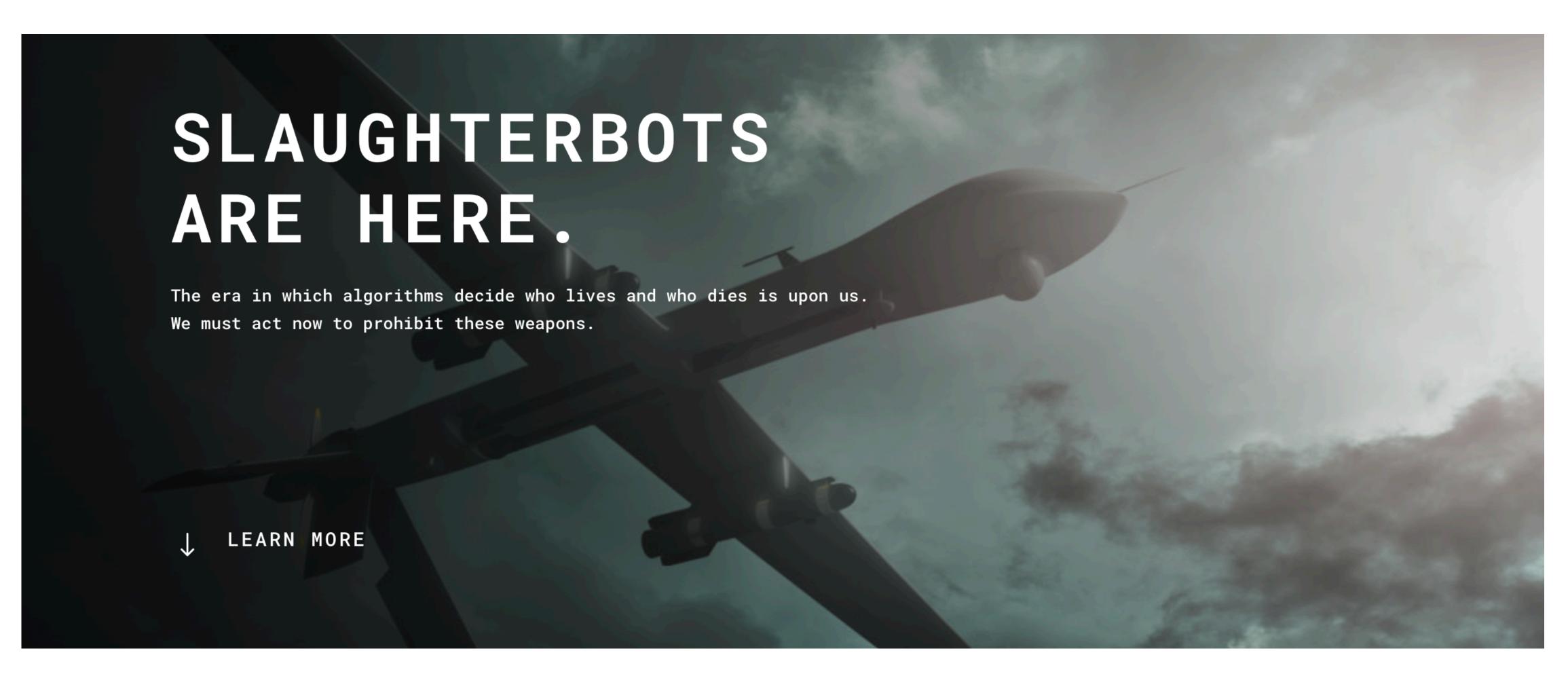
Pentagon Wants to Predict Anti-Trump Protests Using Social Media Surveillance

A series of research projects, patent filings, and policy changes indicate that the Pentagon wants to use social media surveillance to quell domestic insurrection and rebellion.

http://tinyurl.com/yeyvs6dz

https://tinyurl.com/wtzt7me3

Weaponry



https://autonomousweapons.org

Accelerating the climate crisis

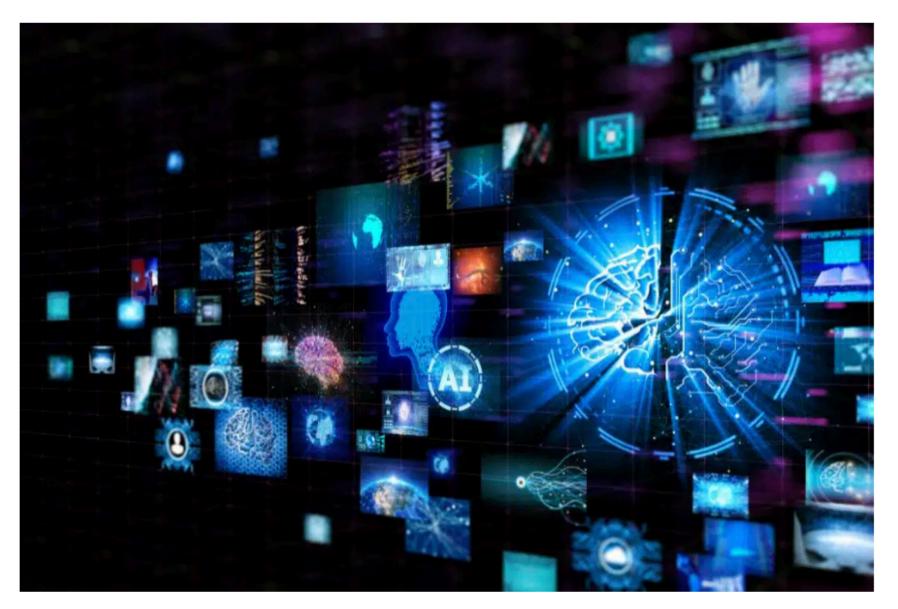
ENERGY, FUTURE, POLLUTION

The Green Dilemma: Can AI Fulfil Its Potential Without Harming the Environment?

CRISIS - ATMOSPHERIC CO2 LEVELS CRISIS - POLLUTION CRISES BY ALOKYA KANUNGO GLOBAL COMMONS



[T] EARTH.ORG IS POWERED BY OVER 150 CONTRIBUTING WRITERS



Coursework 1 (20% of course mark)

- You will submit slides and a video presentation using those slides
- The video should be 5-10 minutes and must include your face
- You should:
 - 1. introduce a real-world machine learning application
 - 2. Critique it according to the 5 ethical principles introduced earlier
 - 3. Recommend what can be done differently
- The full brief, submission instructions, and the marking rubric are available on Learn under the "Assessment" tab (after 1000 today!). **Deadline: 20/2 @ 1600**

Summary

- We have motivated machine learning
- We have looked at some examples of supervised machine learning
- We have looked at ethical issues that arise when applying machine learning